#### T.C. TAŞKENT BÜYÜKELÇİLİĞİ Kültür ve Tanıtma Müşavirliği

Sayı : B.16.0.TGM.3.UZ00.00. 23431 Konu : Marakanda Expedition Şirketi 16 05/2016

### TÜRKİYE SEYAHAT ACENTALARI BİRLİĞİNE

Özbekistan'da faaliyet gösteren "Marakanda Expedition" Turizm Şirketinden alınan yazıda 12 – 19 Haziran 2016 tarihleri arasında Turizm Acentaları için Özbekistan'da bir tur düzenleneceği belirtilmektedir. Ekte sunulan yazının Türkiye'de faaliyet gösteren turizm acentalarına duyurulması hususunda:

Gereğini rica ederim.

Ahmet KÜÇÜKASLAN Kültür ve Tanıtma Müşaviri V.

Ek: Yazı ve Program (2 sayfa)





## «Marakanda Expedition»

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State Tourist License Nz T+1152-14, issued on 10.06.2014, the Certificate of Travel Service Conformity

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№ 3.9

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### To Embassy of Turkey in Tashkent, Uzbekistan

TURSABIA iletsin

«Marakanda Expedition» Travel Company has the honor to welcome you and informs about the following:

We are interested in establishing partnership with outgoing travel agencies in your country for the inbound tourism in Uzbekistan.

We would highly appreciate your assistance and recommendations regarding the contacts of travel agencies which could be interested in participation at FAM Trip on June 12-19 organized by "Marakanda Expedition" (please find the program attached).

All land services of this trip in Uzbekistan (accommodation, transportation, meals, visits etc.) are provided free of charge for participants. During the FAM Trip the guests will get acquainted with the tourism potential of Uzbekistan and services our company provides in Uzbekistan and Central Asia.

Looking forward to receive your reply regarding the contact information.

Best regards,

13/09/AKP

Arapov Aleksey Director

« 4 » May 2016

e-mail: info@marakanda.net,

marakanda.expedition@gmail.com



# «Marakanda Expedition»

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### Uzbekistan – 2016 FAM Trip for Tour Operators 8 days / 7 nights Tashkent – Urgench – Khiva – Bukhara – Samarkand – Tashkent



Date	Destination	Time/Carrier	Itinerary	Meals	
Day 1 12.06 Sun		Flight Coach	Early arrival in Tashkent (please provide your flights details). Meeting with the guide and driver. Transfer to the HTL. Accommodation in HTL. Time for rest after the flight. Sightseeing tour in Tashkent. Visit to the hotels. Presentation of "Marakanda Expedition". Overnight in Tashkent.	B: Hotel	Hotels Lotte Tashken Palace 4*
Day 2 13.06 Mon	Tashkent Urgench Khiva	Flight HY 1051 Coach	Morning transfer to the airport for domestic flight to Urgench. Upon arrival in Urgench transfer to Khiva (30 km). City tour. Accommodation in the HTL.Visit to the hotels of Khiva. Presentation of the region.  Overnight in Khiva.	B: Hotel L: Restaurant D: Restaurant	Malika Kheyval
Day 3 14.06 Tue	Khiva Elliq Kala Khiva	Coach 215 km	Morning transfer to Elliq Kala district. Sightseeing tour on the site. Lunch in the yurt camp, then drive to Urgench. Orientation in Urgench. Drive back to Khiva. Evening meeting. Overnight.	B: Hotel L: Yurts D: Hotel	Malika Kheyvak
Day 4 15.06 Wed	Khiva Bukhara	Coach 480 km	Morning transfer to Bukhara. Accommodation in the HTL upon arrival. First visits in Bukhara. Evening presentation of Bukhara region. Overnight.	B: Hotel L: Picnic D: Madrassah +show	Asia Bukhara 4*
Day 5 16.06 Thu	Bukhara	Coach	Full day city tour in Bukhara and surroundings. Visit to the hotels. Evening meeting. Overnight.	B: Hotel L: Restaurant D: Restaurant	Asia Bukhara 4*
Day 6 .7.06 Fri	Bukhara Gijduvon Rabat-i-Malik Samarkand	Coach 350 km	Morning transfer to Samarkand. On the way visit Gijduvon – ceramic center. Arrival in Samarkand, accommodation. Orientation in the city. Visit to the hotels of Samarkand. Evening presentation of Samarkand region. Overnight.	B: Hotel L: Restaurant D: Restaurant	Grand Samarkand Superior 4*

Day 07 18.06 Sat	Samarkand Tashkent	Coach "Afrosiab" speed train	Full day city tour in Samarkand. 16:00 transfer to the railway station for speed train to Tashkent. Final meeting with DMC management. Farewell dinner. Overnight in Tashkent.	B: Hotel L: Restaurant D: Restaurant	Lotte Tashkent Palace 4*
Day 08 19.06 Sun	Tashkent	Coach Flight	Morning transfer to the airport for flight back to your home country	B: Hotel	No hotel

International airfares

Personal expenses

#### SERVICES INCLUDED IN TOUR PRICE:

SERVICES NOT INCLUDED IN TOUR PRICE:

Camera and Video charges during the Sightseeing

- Accommodation based on DBL / TWN rooms
- Full Board basis as specified in the itinerary
- Entrance fees for Sightseeing spots mentioned in the itinerary.
- All airport-hotel-airport transfers
- Overland transportation by AC coach
- Throughout Italian, English, Russian speaking escort guide services
- Mineral water 1 liter per person per day
- Domestic airfare Tashkent Urgench
- Railway fare Samarkand Tashkent
- Sightseeing spots that will be visited during the excursions:

#### Tashkent:

Old part of Tashkent: architectural complex «Khazret-Irnam» incl. the necropolis of «Imam Abu Bakr Muhammad al-Kaffal Shashi» (16th c.), «Barak-khan Madrasa» (16th c.), «Tillya-Sheikh Mosque» (19th c.) where Osman Quran - the world's oldest is kept, «Mui-Mubarak Madrasa»(19th c.), «Juma Mosque» - the third biggest mosque in Uzbekistan (15-19th cc.), «Imam Ismail al Bukhari Islamic Institute» - a two year post-Madrasa academy, «Hadra square», «Kukeldash Madrasa» («Foster brother») (16th c). Modern Tashkent – visit to Mustaqillik (Independence) Square, Amir Temur monument and square, Alisher Navoi Opera and Ballet theatre and square. Museum of Applied Arts. Tashkent Metro.

Visit to the oldest part of the city – architectural complex «Ichan-Qala»: «Kunya –Ark fortress» (Old fortress) –« museum of Ancient Khorezm» (12 –19<sup>th</sup> cc.), the Interior «Zindan», «Madrasa of Muhammad Rakhim Khan II» - museum of «History of Khiva Khanate» (18th c.), « Mausoleum of Said Aloyaddin » (16th c.), «KazyKalan Madrasa» - museum of history of Khorezm music. «Kalta Minor Tower» (Short minaret) that would have become the biggest and tallest minaret in Central Asia (19th c.), «Muhammad Amin-Khan» - the biggest medieval madrasa in Khiva (1845-1855 yy.), «Djuma Mosque» is unique in its construction; it has no portals, cupolas, galleries or inner yard and access to the mosque is possible from three sides. The ceiling of the huge hall rests on 213 wooden columns dating from various centuries, «Tash-Hauli»(Stone courtyard)palace looking like a fortress with a high battlements, towers and fortified gates (19th c.), «Ak-Mosque» («White Mosque») - a small quarter mosque by the gates of Palvan-Darvaza (1838-1842yy.), necropolis of «Pahlavan

#### Bukhara:

Visit to the «Mausoleum of the Samanids» - the family grave of the Samanid sovereign's dynasty, represents one of the premiere architecture samples of artful brickwork, a masterpiece of world architecture (9-10th c.), «Chashma -Ayub Mausoleum» («Spring of Job»)-that belongs to esteemed "places of trace" left by saints (14th c). The legend says that once the bible prophet Job (Ayub) visited this place (14th c.), Visit to the museums of Imam Al Bukhari and «The Museum of Water», «Bolo-Hauz Mosque» - the only monument of medieval Bukhara (beg. of 20th c), The «Ark Citadel» (the residence of Bukhara's former sovereigns and a citadel) - the center of Bukhara statehood (4th c BC), silk carpet shops, The «The Poi Kalian Cathedral Mosque » («Beneath the Great»): «Kalyan Minaret» - the main symbol of sacred Bukhara that symbolized authority and power of spiritual governors. (12th c), «Kalyan Mosque» its area of 130 x 80 m surpasses «Bibi-Khanym» mosque in Samarkand. «Miri Arab Madrassah» - active madrasa is one of the most esteemed spiritual Islamic universities (16th c), «TakiZargaron» – the dome of jewelers (15-16th cc), one of the three active trade domes of ancient Bukhara (15-16th cc.), «Ulugbek Madrasa» - Madrasa of Ulugbeg in Bukhara was the first of three madrasas, constructed at grandson of Amir Temur, Ulugbeg (15th c). «Abdul-Aziz -Khan Madrasa» - a traditional madrasa with 2 floors of hudjras and a mosque on the central axis (mid. of 17th c), Tim of Abdullah-Khan madrasa. «Kosh -Madrasa» -one of the most attractive architectural complexes typical for old Bukhara. «Kosh» - means «double, pair»; buildings of higher educational institution are facing each other on the sides of narrow streets "exchanging glances". The first of the m - «Modari Khan Madrasa». The second - «Abdulla Khan Madrasa», one of the outstanding masterpieces of Central Asian architecture. (1588—90 yy.). «Magok -I -Attori Mosque» - the most ancient mosque in Bukhara (12th c) is considered a masterpiece of Bukhara architecture. «Nodir Devon Begi Madrasa» - a massive rectangular structure that was a place for the refuge and meditation of Sufis (17th c.), «Kukeldash Madrasa» - one of the biggest Bukhara madrasa(16th c.)«Lyabi-Hauz ensemble» - the largest artificial reservoir of medieval Bukhara - is very popular among travelers (14-17th cc), «Chor Minor» («Four minarets») is an unusual madrasa built by Caliph Niyazkul (18th c)

#### Samarkand:

Sightseeing in Samarkand: «Registan Square» - «A sandy place», the major square of Samarkand: «Ulugbek Madrasa» - it was the largest scientific institution of Central Asia during Ulugbek's government (one of the outstanding scientist of 15th c.), «Sher – Dor Madrasa» - «Having tigers» (17th c.), «Tillya -Kari Madrasa» - «Coated by gold» - the rich gilding on the dome, walls and mihrabsurpassed all other famous buildings in Central Asia (17th c.). «Gur – Emir Mausoleum» - Tamerlan's tomb that was build for Temur's grandson Muhammad-Sultan and the tombs of three other Temurids: Miranshoh and Shakhruh - sons of Temur and Shahruh's grandson - Ulugbek. (14-15th cc.) «Cathedral Mosque Bibi - Khanym»- that was named after the oldest wife of Tamerlane - Saray Mulk Khanym (It was intended to out-rival everything he had ever seen. Architects, artists and craftsmen from conquered countries were involved in the construction of this grandiose complex. (14th c.)).

The architectural complex «Shahi - Zinda» - «Alive King» (necropolis on the slope of the Afrosiab hill is connected with Kusam ibn Abbas - the cousin of Prophet Muhammad (11-15th c.) – it is a unique museum of coated decor. «Hazret – Hyzr Mosque» -an Islamic Saint and eternal wanderer. He was esteemed as giving richness and good luck in for voyages and trade (19th c).

«Stars above Samarkand» - Ulugbek observatory (15c), «Rulnes of Afrosiab» - the excavation and museum of the ancient town (6 BC-13 AD). Visit to Samarkand local bazaar.